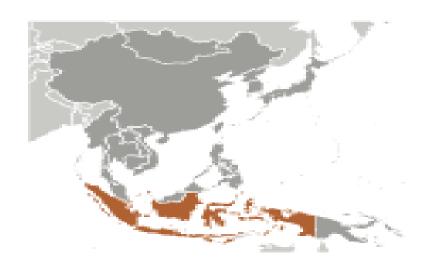
アセアンの概要 (ASEAN)



ASEAN Members

(Founder:5) Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand (Member:10) Brunei, Combodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmer, Laos, Philippines Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam





The ASEAN Way

<Motto>

"One Vision, One Identity, One Community"
"Ten Countries, One Identity"

<Anthem>
"The ASEAN Way"





ASEAN Progress

Area: A geo-political and economic organization located in Southeast Asia

Foundation: 8 August 1967

Seat of Secretariat: Jakarta

Formation: Bangkok Declaration, 8 August 1967

Charter: 16 December 2008

Aims:

- (1) acceleration of economic growth, social progress, cultural development among its members,
- (2) protection of the peace and stability of the region
- (3) provide opportunities for member countries to discuss differences peacefully

Scale:

- (1) area of 4.46 million km², 3% of the total land area of Earth,
- (2) 600 million people, 8.8% of the world population
- (3) nominal GDP had grown to US\$1.8 trillion in 2010

ASEAN three pillars by 2015

- Development of political sector
- Development of security sector (Agenda)
 - counter-terrorism programs
 - informal meetings among defence and military top officials to settle a wide range of problems in the region by observing the ASEAN Charter
- Development of economic sector

Next step ASEAN Economic Community (AEC)

---- Development of economic sector -----

- (1) single market and production base
- (2) highly competitive economic region
- (3) region of equitable economic development
- (4) region fully integrated into the global economy

ASEAN Recent Progress

January 2007

- ASEAN members signed the Cebu Declaration on East Asian Energy Security
- ASEAN and EAS member (Australia, People's Republic of China, India, Japan, New Zealand, South Korea) promote energy security by finding energy alternatives to conventional fuels

August 2007

- ASEAN 40th anniversary celebration
- 30 years of diplomatic relations with United States
- ASEAN stated free trade agreements with China, Japan, South Korea, India, Australia and New Zealand by 2013
- Establishment of ASEAN Economic Community by 2015

November 2007

- ASEAN members signed the ASEAN Charter

ASEAN Charter

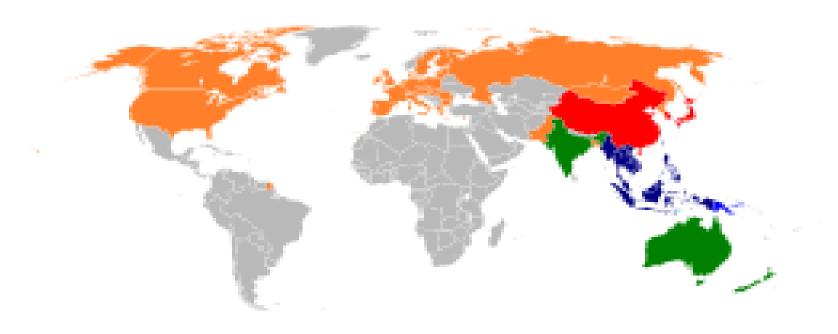
- a) respect for the independence, sovereignty, equality, territorial integrity and national identity of all ASEAN Member States:
- b) shared commitment and collective responsibility in enhancing regional peace, security and prosperity;
- c) renunciation of aggression and of the threat or use of force or other actions in any manner inconsistent with international law;
- d) reliance on peaceful settlement of disputes;
- e) non-interference in the internal affairs of ASEAN Member States;
- f) respect for the right of every Member State to lead its national existence free from external interference, subversion and coercion;
- g) enhanced consultations on matters seriously affecting the common interest of ASEAN;
- h) adherence to the rule of law, good governance, the principles of democracy and constitutional government;
- i) respect for fundamental freedoms, the promotion and protection of human rights, and the promotion of social justice;
- j) upholding the United Nations Charter and international law, including international humanitarian law, subscribed to by ASEAN Member States;
- k) abstention from participation in any policy or activity, including the use of its territory, pursued by and ASEAN Member State or non-ASEAN State or any non-State actor, which threatens the sovereignty, territorial integrity or political and economic stability of ASEAN Member States;
- I) respect for the different cultures, languages and religions of the peoples of ASEAN, while emphasising their common values in the spirit of unity in diversity;
- m) the centrality of ASEAN in external political, economic, social and cultural relations while remaining actively engaged, outward-looking, inclusive and non-discriminatory; and
- n) adherence to multilateral trade rules and ASEAN's rules-based regimes for effective implementation of economic commitments and progressive reduction towards elimination of all barriers to regional economic integration, in a market-driven economy".

ASEAN Regional Forum

ASEAN full members

ASEAN Plus Three

- ASEAN observers
- ASEAN candidate members



Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA)

<Objectives of ERIA>

- * To facilitate ASEAN Economic Community building and support ASEAN's role as the driver of the wider economic integration and sustainable growth in the region,
- * To contribute to narrowing of the development gaps and fostering research capabilities which can value-add to public policy-making,
- * To nurture a greater sense of community in East Asia

<Activities of ERIA>

- * To undertake research, policy analyses, strategic planning and provide policy recommendations and support to the Secretary-General of ASEAN in stepping up ASEAN's regional integration and cooperation efforts,
- * To provide a tripartite-type forum for policy dialogue and interactions among researchers, policymakers and civil society
- * To establish a common platform for economic studies in East Asia
- * To improve policy research capacities, especially in the less developed countries



アジア太平洋地域の国際的枠組み

